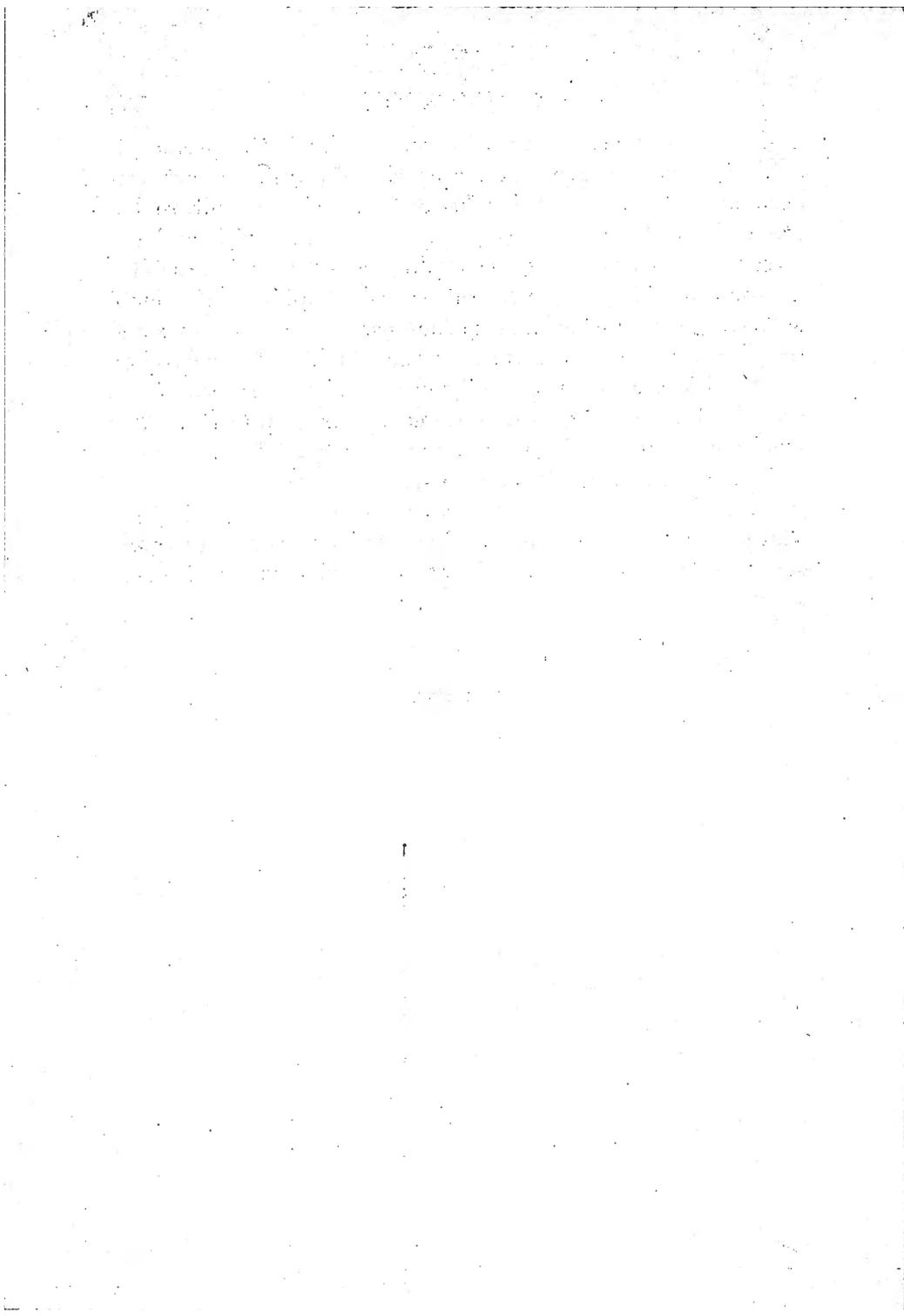


CONCLUSION

If the reader will now summarize for himself these three philosophies, he will perhaps see more justice than at first in that disregard of chronology which placed Santayana before James and Dewey. It is clearer, in retrospect, that the most eloquent and subtle of our living thinkers belongs almost wholly to the cultural traditions of Europe; that William James, though attached in many ways to that tradition, caught the spirit of at least the Eastern America in his thinking, and the spirit of all America in his style; and that John Dewey, product of East and West alike, has given philosophic form to the realistic and democratic temper of his people. It becomes evident that our ancient dependence on European thought is lessening, that we are beginning to do our own work in philosophy, literature and science, and in our own way. Merely beginning, of course: for we are still young, and we have not yet learned to walk entirely without the assistance of our European ancestry. But if we find it hard to surpass ourselves, and are sometimes discouraged with our own superficiality, our provincialism, our narrowness and our bigotry, our immature intolerance and our timid violence against innovation and experiment—let us remember that England needed eight hundred years between her foundation and her Shakespeare; and that France needed eight hundred years between her foundation and her Montaigne. We have drawn to us from Europe, and selected for survival and imitation among ourselves, rather the initiative individualist and the acquisitive pioneer than the meditative and artistic souls; we have had to spend our energies in clearing our great forests and tapping the wealth of our soil; we have had no time yet to bring forth a native literature and a mature philosophy.

But we have become wealthy, and wealth is the prelude to art. In every country where centuries of physical effort have accumulated the means for luxury and leisure, culture has followed as naturally as vegetation grows in a rich and watered soil. To have become wealthy was the first necessity; a people too must live before it can philosophize. No doubt we have grown faster than nations usually have grown; and the disorder of our souls is due to the rapidity of our development. We are like youths disturbed and unbalanced, for a time, by the sudden growth and experiences of puberty. But soon our maturity will come; our minds will catch up with our bodies, our culture with our possessions. Perhaps there are greater souls than Shakespeare's, and greater minds than Plato's, waiting to be born. When we have learned to reverence liberty as well as wealth, we too shall have our Renaissance.

THE END



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GLOSSARY

Note: This glossary comprises chiefly the more important and more difficult words which recur rather frequently.

Anthropomorphism: the interpretation of God in the likeness of man.

Apollonian: having the calm, "classic" beauty of Apollo, as against the emotional and "romantic" qualities associated with Dionysus.

A posteriori: reasoning from observed facts to general conclusions.

A priori: reasoning from general propositions to particular conclusions.

Attribute: in Spinoza, one of the infinite aspects of Substance or reality, like extension (matter) or thought.

Behaviorist: one who restricts psychology to objective observation, ignoring introspection and consciousness.

Calvinism: a form of Protestantism emphasizing the eternal predestination of every individual to damnation or to salvation.

Causality: the operation of cause and effect.

Concept: an idea; often used specifically of philosophical ideas.

Consciousness: awareness.

Cosmology: a study of the origin and nature of the world.

Determinism: the doctrine that all events are the inevitable result of antecedent conditions, and that the human being, in acts of apparent choice, is the mechanical expression of his heredity and his past environment.

Dialectic: any logical process; in Hegel, the development of one idea or condition into another by the process of thesis, antithesis and synthesis.

Entelechy: the inner nature of anything, which determines its development.

Epicurean: one who believes that pleasure is the highest good.

Epistemology: the study of the origin, processes, and validity of knowledge.

Essence: the most important and significant aspect.

Esthetics: the study of the nature of beauty; in Kant, the study of sensation.

Ethics: the study of right and wrong in conduct.

Fatalism: the doctrine that nothing which the individual can do can in any way affect the fate to which he is destined.

Finalism: the doctrine that events are caused by the purposes they serve.

First Cause: the beginning of the entire series of causes; usually identified with God.

Formally: in a technical way; according to the form or structure.

Free will: the partial freedom of the agent, in acts of conscious choice, from the determining compulsion of heredity, environment, and circumstance.

Hedonism: the doctrine that pleasure is the actual, and also the proper, motive of every choice.

Heuristic: a method of research.

Idealism: in metaphysics, the doctrine that ideas, or thought, are the fundamental reality; in ethics, the devotion to moral ideals.

Ideation: the process of thought.

Instrumentalism: the doctrine that ideas are instruments of response and adaptation, and that their truth is to be judged in terms of their effectiveness.

Intuitionism: in metaphysics, the doctrine that intuition, rather than reason, reveals the reality of things; in ethics, the doctrine that man has an innate sense of right and wrong.

Lamarckianism: the belief in the transmissibility of acquired characters.

Logic: the study of reasoning; in Hegel, the study of the origin and natural sequence of fundamental ideas.

Materialism: the doctrine that matter is the only reality.

Mechanism: the doctrine that all events and all thoughts occur according to the laws of mechanics.

Metaphysics: the inquiry into the ultimate and fundamental reality.

Mode: in Spinoza, a particular thing, form, event, or idea.

Naturalism: the doctrine that all reality comes under the "laws of Nature."
Neurosis: a mental disturbance or disease.

Nirvana: in Hindu theory, a condition of happiness arising out of the absolute cessation of desire.

Noumenon: in Kant, the ultimate reality, or Thing-in-Itself, which can be conceived by thought, but cannot be perceived in experience.

Objective: independent of the perceiving individual; in Spinoza, as existing in thought.

Ontology: a study of the ultimate nature of things.

Pantheism: the doctrine that God is immanent in all things.

Pluralism: the doctrine that the world is not a unit in law and structure, but the scene of contrary forces and processes.

Polytheism: the worship of many gods.

Positivism: the restriction of philosophical inquiry to problems open to scientific methods.

Pragmatism: the doctrine that truth is the practical efficacy of an idea.

Prolegomena: introductory studies.

Realism: in epistemology, the doctrine that the external world exists independently of perception, and substantially as perceived by us; in logic, the doctrine that universal ideas have objective realities corresponding to them.

Scholasticism: the philosophy of the medieval theologians; in general, the divorce of speculation from observation and practice.

Sociology: the study of social institutions and processes.

Subjective: as existing in thought; in Spinoza, as the object of thought.

Substance: in Spinoza, the basic and eternal reality, the structure and law of the world.

Transcendental: beyond the realm and reach of the senses.

Theist: a believer in a personal God.

Teleology: the theory or study of development as caused by the purposes which things serve.

Tropism: an invariable response.

Utilitarianism: the doctrine that all actions are to be judged in terms of their utility in promoting the greatest happiness of the greatest number.

Vitalism: the doctrine that life is the basic reality, of which everything else is a form or manifestation.

Voluntarism: the doctrine that will is the basic factor, both in the universe and in human conduct.

THE HISTORY OF

The history of the world is a vast and complex subject, encompassing the lives and actions of countless individuals and the events that have shaped our planet. From the dawn of civilization to the present day, the human story is one of constant change and evolution. The early days of our species are marked by the struggle for survival in a harsh and unpredictable environment. As we progressed, we developed language, art, and social structures, laying the foundation for the civilizations that followed. The ancient world was a time of great achievement, with the Greeks and Romans leaving a lasting legacy on the world. The Middle Ages were a period of religious fervor and the rise of powerful monarchies. The Renaissance brought a renewed interest in the arts and sciences, paving the way for the modern world. The 17th and 18th centuries were characterized by the Enlightenment, a period of intellectual and scientific discovery. The 19th century was a time of industrial revolution and global expansion. The 20th century was marked by the two world wars, the Cold War, and the civil rights movement. Today, we live in a world of unprecedented technological advancement and global interconnectedness. The future of our species remains uncertain, but the history we have lived through is a testament to the resilience and ingenuity of the human spirit.

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